## KINGDOM OF BAHRAIN

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION
DIRECTORATE OF EXAMINATIONS / EXAMINATION SECTION
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FIRST SEMESTER EXAM 2023/2024


COURSE NAME: ACCOUNTING (2)
COURSE CODE: 212 محا
TRACK: التجاري وتوحيد المسارات
TIME: 2 Hours

## QUESTION ONE:

Choose the correct answer for the following questions:
1- The company had net sales of BD704,000 and gross profit is BD344,000.
Its cost of goods sold equals:
A. BD 1,048,000.
B. BD 306,000.
C. BD 1408,000 .
D. BD 360,000. $\checkmark \mathbf{( 7 0 4 , 0 0 0 - 3 4 4 , 0 0 0 )}$

2- A company had net purchases of BD122,000 and purchases returns BD13,000 .Its purchases equals:
A. BD 135,000. $\sqrt{ }(\mathbf{1 2 2 0 0 0}+\mathbf{1 3 0 0 0})$
B. BD 109,000 .
C. BD 153,000 .
D. BD 190,000


3- Beginning inventory plus cost of purchases is:
A. Cost of goods sold.
B. Cost of goods available for sale. $\checkmark$
C. Ending inventory.
D. Sales.

4- A company has net sales BD 525,000 and cost of goods sold BD410,000. Its net income is BD35,000. The company's operating expenses are:
A. BD80,000 $\checkmark \quad$ (525000-410000-35000)
B. BD115,000
C. BD140,000
D. BD90,000

5- A Company had sales of BD 150,000 , sales discounts of BD 3,000 , and sales returns of BD2,000. A Company's net sales equals:
A. BD 153,000 .
B. BD $145,000 . \checkmark(150,000-\mathbf{3 , 0 0 0}-\mathbf{2 , 0 0 0})$
C. BD 152,000 .
D. BD 158,000 .

6- Ahmed Company has sales BD84,000, Sales Returns BD1,500 and Gross Profit $\mathrm{BD} 27,500$. What is the Cost of goods sold?
A. BD82,500
B. BD56,500
C. BD55,000. $\checkmark(84,000-1,500-27,500)$
D. BD58,000

7- ABC Est. has cost of goods available for sales BD38000, total cost of purchases BD35200 and closing inventory BD3800. The Opening Inventory is:
A. BD31400
B. BD34200
C. BD2080
D. BD2800 $\checkmark$ (38000-35200)

8- Salah Est. has Gross Profit BD18000, Rent Revenue BD2200 and Total Operating Expenses BD7200, then the result is:
A. Net Profit BD13000 $\checkmark(\mathbf{1 8 , 0 0 0}+\mathbf{2 , 2 0 0}-\mathbf{7 , 2 0 0})$
B. Net Profit BD20200
C. Net Loss BD13000
D. Net Profit BD8600

## QUESTION TWO:

You are required to prepare journal entries and complete the following general journal of Noor Company for the month of April 2023, if the company uses perpetual inventory system. (Using the explanation).

GENERAL JOURNL

| Date | Account Title and Explanation | PR | Debit | Credit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| April 1 | Merchandise Inventory/ |  | 5,200 |  |
|  | Cash/ |  |  | 5,200 |
|  | Purchased goods for BD5,200 for cash. |  |  |  |
| April 5 | Account Receivable - Huda / |  | 24,000 |  |
|  | Sales / |  |  | 24,000 |
|  | Cost of Goods Sold/ |  | 22,700 |  |
|  | Merchandise Inventory/ |  |  | 22,700 |
|  | Sold goods on credit for BD24,000, to customer Huda, terms $1 / 15 \mathrm{n} / 60$. The items sold had a cost of BD22,700. |  |  |  |
| April 6 | Merchandise Inventory/ |  | 9,100 |  |
|  | Account Payable (Asma)/ |  |  | 9,100 |
|  | Purchased goods for BD9,100 on credit form Asma Est. |  |  |  |
| April 12 | Account Payable (Asma) / |  | 600 |  |
|  | Merchandise Inventory/ |  |  | 600 |
|  | Returned goods to Asma Est. for BD600 on credit |  |  |  |
| April 15 | Cash / |  | 23,760 |  |
|  | Sales Discount (24000 $\times 1 \%$ )/ |  | 240 |  |
|  | Account Receivable- Huda / |  |  | 24000 |
|  | Received cash full amount due from debtor Huda. |  |  |  |

## QUESTION THREE:

Hala Company equipment sales uses a periodic inventory system and had the following transactions during November 2022.

Nov. 1: Purchased merchandise on credit for BD9,500.
Nov. 2: Sold merchandise on credit for BD42,100, to customer Fadel, terms 3/10, n/30.
Nov. 5: Purchased merchandise for cash BD5,600.
Nov. 8: Issued a credit memorandum for BD2100 to customer Fadel, who returned merchandise purchased on Nov 2.
Nov. 14: Received full amount due from customer Fadel.

## Required:

Prepare journal entries to record each of the previous transactions.

## Solution:

GENERAL JOURNL

| Date | Account Title and Explanation | PR | Debit | Credit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nov. 1 | Purchases/ |  | 9,500 |  |
|  | Account Payable/ |  |  | 9,500 |
| Nov. 2 | Account Receivable - Fadel/ | Sales/ |  | 42100 |
|  | Purchases/ | Cash/ |  | 42100 |
| Nov. 8 | Sales Returns and Allowance/ | Account Receivable - Fadel/ |  |  |
|  | Cash (42100 - 2100)/ | Account Receivable - Fadel/ |  |  |
|  |  |  | 2100 |  |

## QUESTION FOUR:

Isa Est, uses the balance sheet approach to estimate bad debts. An analysis of the accounts receivable on December 31, 2022 produced the following age groups and the estimated percentage probably uncollectible:

| Period | Accounts <br> Receivable <br> (BD) | Provision <br> $\%$ | Provision for <br> doubtful debts <br> (BD) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Not yet due | 20000 | $10 \%$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0 /}$ |
| $1-30$ days past due | 25000 | $20 \%$ | $\mathbf{5 0 0 0 /}$ |
| $31-60$ days past due | 40000 | $30 \%$ | $\mathbf{1 2 0 0 0 /}$ |
| Over 60 days past due | 50000 | $40 \%$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0 0 /}$ |
| Total | A |  | $\mathbf{3 9 0 0 0 /}$ |

Prior to adjustments at December 31, 2022 allowance for Doubtful Debts showed a credit balance of BD19000.

## Required:

A- Compute the estimated amount of Bad Debts. (insert the answer in the above table)
B- Prepare the adjusting entry to bring the allowance for doubtful debts to the proper amount.

## Solution:

| Date | Account Title and Explanation | PR | Debit | Credit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B | Bad Debts Expense $(39000-19000) /$ |  | 20000 |  |
|  | Allowance for Doubtful Accounts/ |  |  | 20000 |

## QUESTION FIVE:

Fajer Company purchased a new machine on July $1^{\text {st }}, 2018$, at a cost of BD62,000. The Company estimated that the machine will have a salvage value of $\mathrm{BD} 2,000$.at the end of useful life 4-years.

## Required:

Complete the following table to Compute the depreciation expense and net book value under double declining-balance methods.

Depreciation Rate $=\frac{100}{\text { useful life }} \times 2=(100 \div 4) \times 2=50 \%$

| Annual <br> Period | Depreciation for the period |  |  | End of Period |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Beginning <br> Book Value | Depreciation Rate | Depreciation <br> Expense | Accumulated <br> Depreciation | Book <br> Value |
| $1 / 7 / 2018$ | - | - | - | - | 62,000 |
| $31 / 12 / 2018$ | $62000 /$ | $\times 50 \% / \times(6 \div 12) /$ | $15500 /$ | $15500 /$ | $46500 /$ |
| $31 / 12 / 2019$ | $46500 /$ | $\times 50 \% /$ | $23250 /$ | $38750 /$ | $23250 /$ |
| $31 / 12 / 2020$ | $23250 /$ | $\times 50 \% /$ | $11625 /$ | $50375 /$ | $11625 / /$ |
| $31 / 12 / 2021$ | $11625 /$ | $\times 50 \% /$ | $5812.5 /$ | $56187.5 /$ | $5812.5 /$ |
| $1 / 7 / 2022$ | $5812.5 /$ | $\times 50 \% /$ | $3812.5 * /$ | $60,000 /$ | $2,000 /$ |

$(5812.5-2000)=3812.5^{*}$

## QUESTION SIX:

Presented below are selected transactions at Mohammed Company for 2022.
Oct. 01: Sold truck for BD12,450 cash that was purchased on January 1,2019 The truck cost BD21,000. It had a useful life 5 years with no salvage value. The accumulated depreciation to that date was BD11,550.
Dec. 31: Discarded machine that was purchased on January 1 2019, at cost BD13,200. It was depreciated based on a 6 years useful life with a BD2,200 salvage value. The accumulated depreciation on that date was BD8,800.

## Required:

Prepare journal entries for the previous transactions. The Company uses straightline depreciation.
Solution:
GENERAL JOURNL

| Date | Account Title and Explanation | PR | Debit | Credit |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Cash / | Accumulated Depreciation - Truck/ |  | 12450 |
|  | Truck/ |  | 11,550 |  |
|  | Gain on Disposal of Truck/ |  |  | 21,000 |
| Dec. 31 <br> 2022 | Accumulated Depreciation - Machine // |  | 8,800 |  |
|  | Loss on Disposal of Machine // |  | 4,400 |  |
|  | Machine // |  | 13,200 |  |

